Scottish Renal Registry PD Audit 1999-2008



Dr Robert Mactier on behalf of the SRR,

SRA meeting,

Edinburgh,

21st March 2009

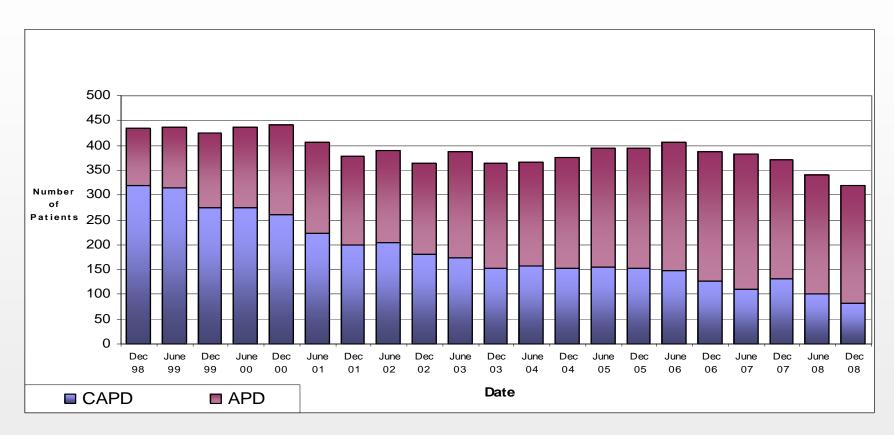




- 6 monthly prospective data collection
- Demographic data, APD or CAPD
- Peritonitis rate, causative organism, clinical outcome,
- Adequacy of PD weekly Kt/V and total creatinine clearance, RRF
- Causes of technique failure
- Previous analysis of PD-related peritonitis in Scotland 1999 2002
 (Kavanagh et al NDT 2004)

Patients on PD, CAPD and APD (1999-2008)

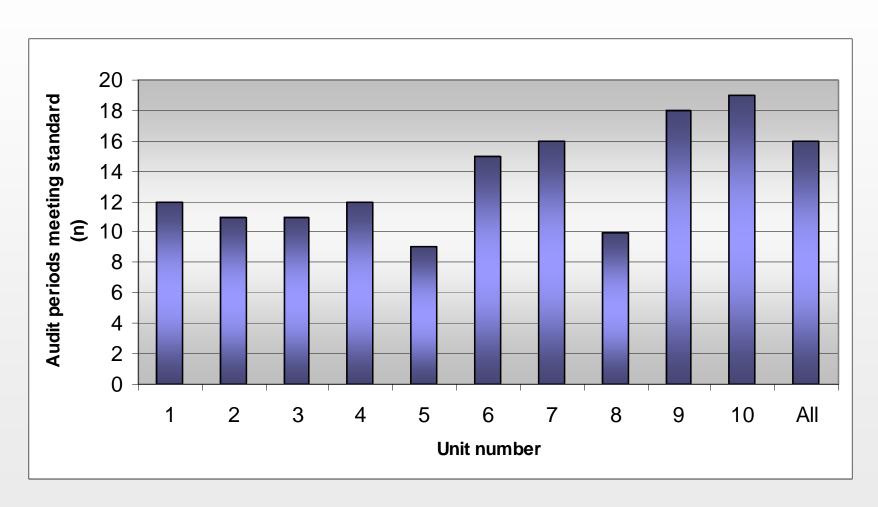




- •Gradual decline in PD numbers 435 → 320 (87 per million → 64 per million population)
- •26% fall in PD numbers
- •Total percentage of APD has increased from 26.7% → 74%

Number of audit periods each PD Unit has met the RA recommended minimum peritonitis rate





Of a total of 20 audit periods

Peritonitis rates in adult PD patients in Scotland 1999-2008



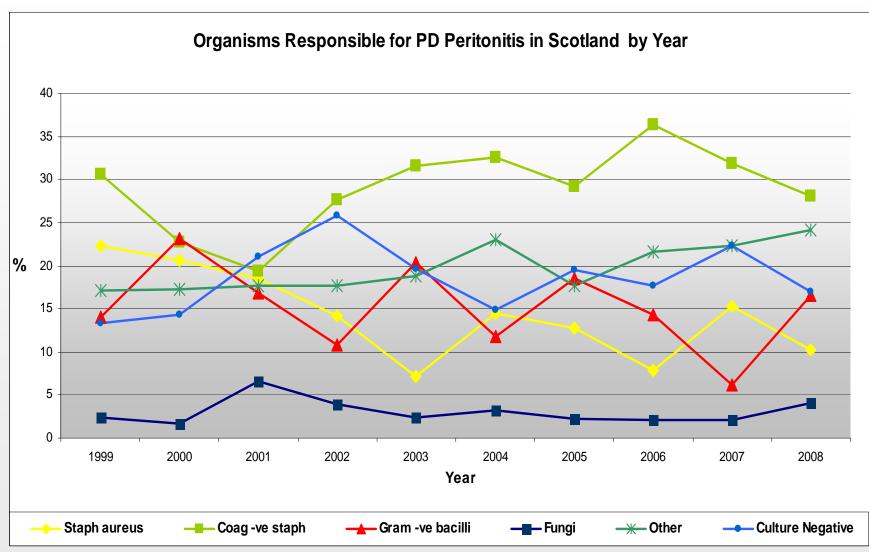
Audit period	Episodes of peritonitis	Months between episodes of peritonitis
Jan 1999 - Jun 2002	928	19.2
Jul 2002 - Dec 2004	573	20.1
Jan 2005 - Jun 2007	584	20.1
July 2007- Dec 2008	339	19.6
Jan 1999 - Dec 2008	2424	19.6

Incidence of catheter-related infection in PD and HD

- 1 episode of PD-related peritonitis every 19.6 months of PD in Scotland 1999-2008
- 1 episode of tunnelled catheter-related bacteraemia every 12.6 months of HD at GRI 2005-2007

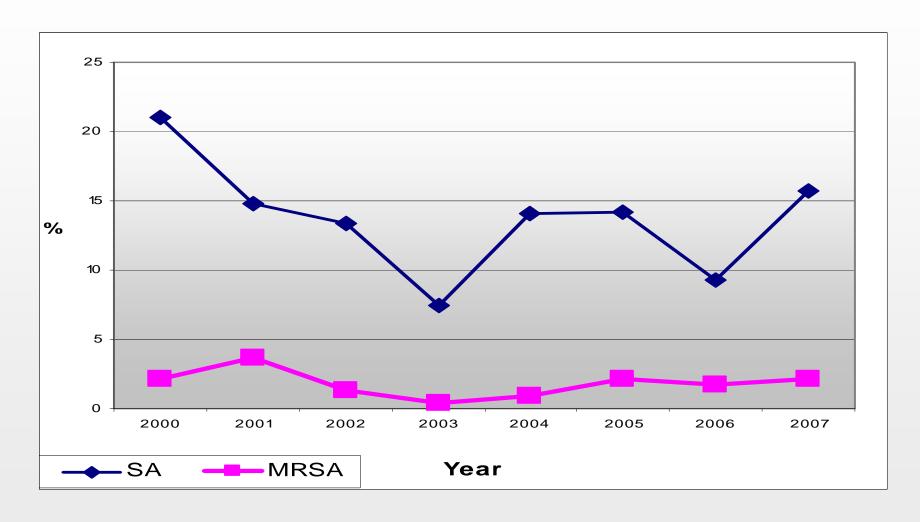
PD Peritonitis: organisms

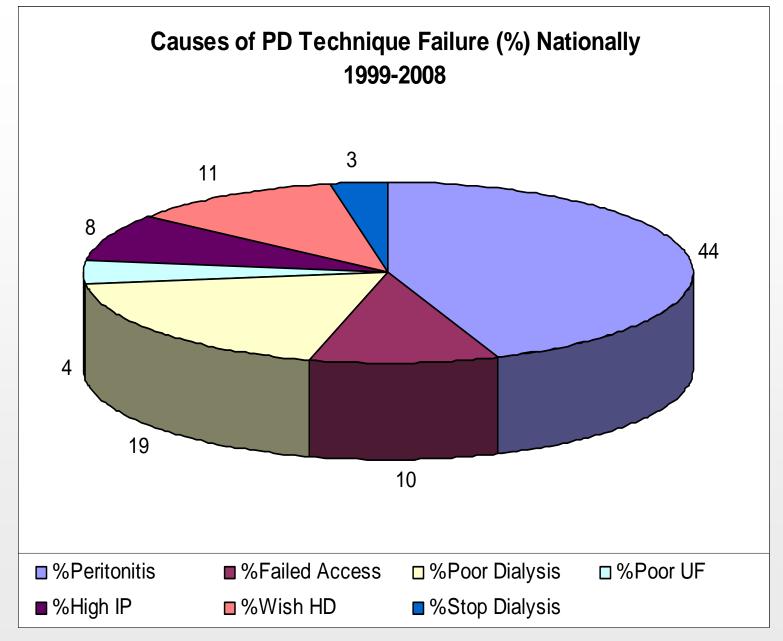




PD Peritonitis: SA and MRSA as % of all peritonitis episodes



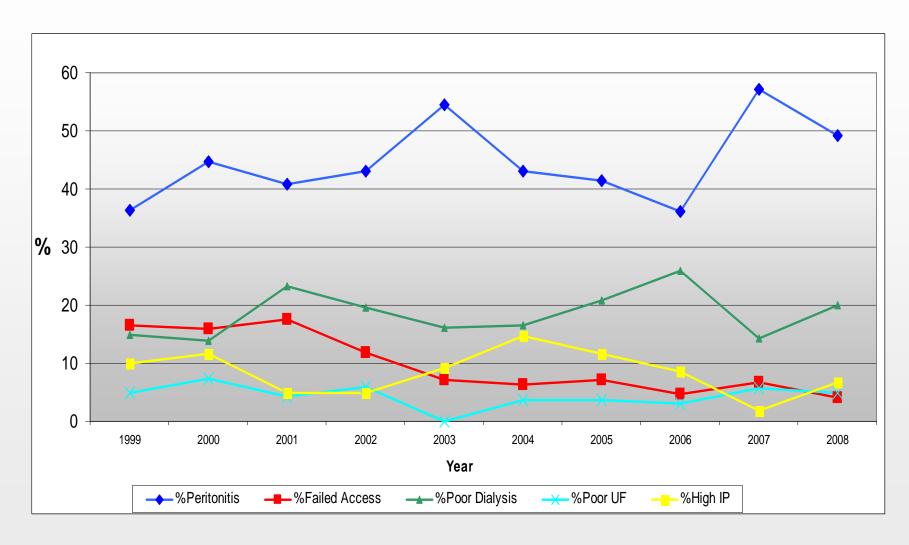






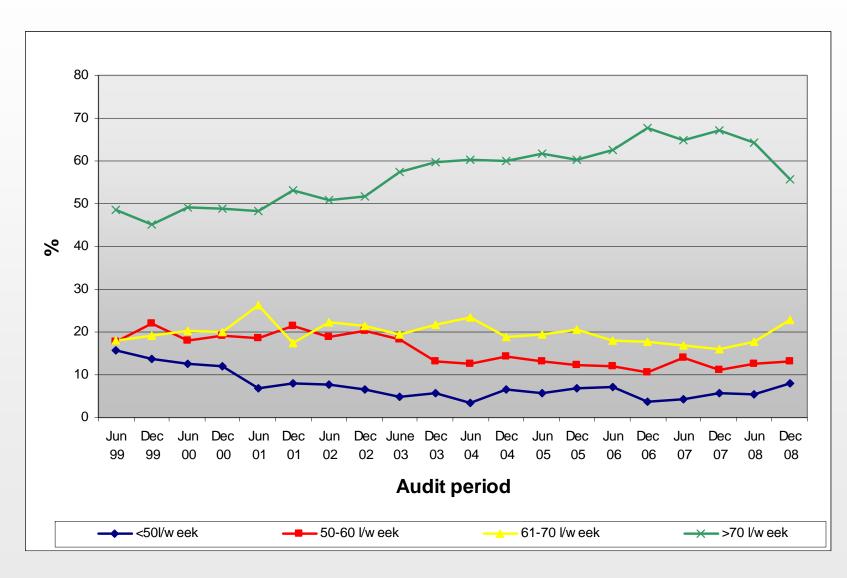
Causes of PD Technique Failure (%) by year





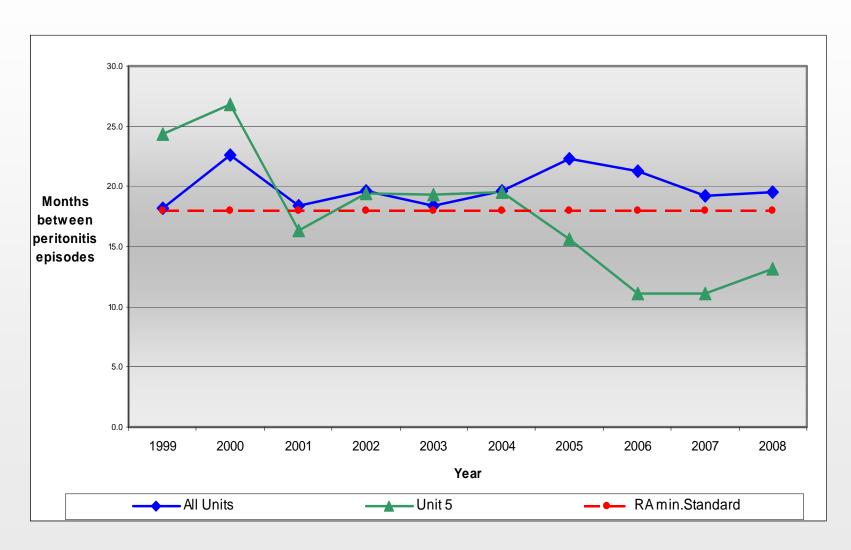
Adequacy of PD (1999-2008)





Annual peritonitis rates: Edinburgh (unit 5) compared to the national average and Renal Association minimum standard





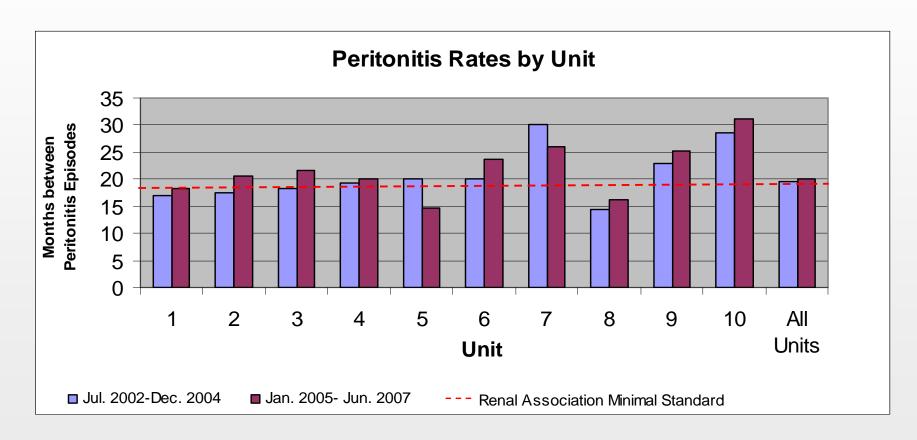
Conclusions: 10 years of PD audit

- PD numbers have decreased by 26%
- Postcode availability of APD has been resolved and APD has increased from 27 to 74% of PD patients
- PD peritonitis remains the commonest cause of technique failure
- The percentage of patients remaining on PD with total creatinine clearance <50l/1.73m²/week has decreased
- The increased rate of peritonitis in Edinburgh shows the value of regular audit and requires improvement to complete the audit cycle

Peritonitis: rates

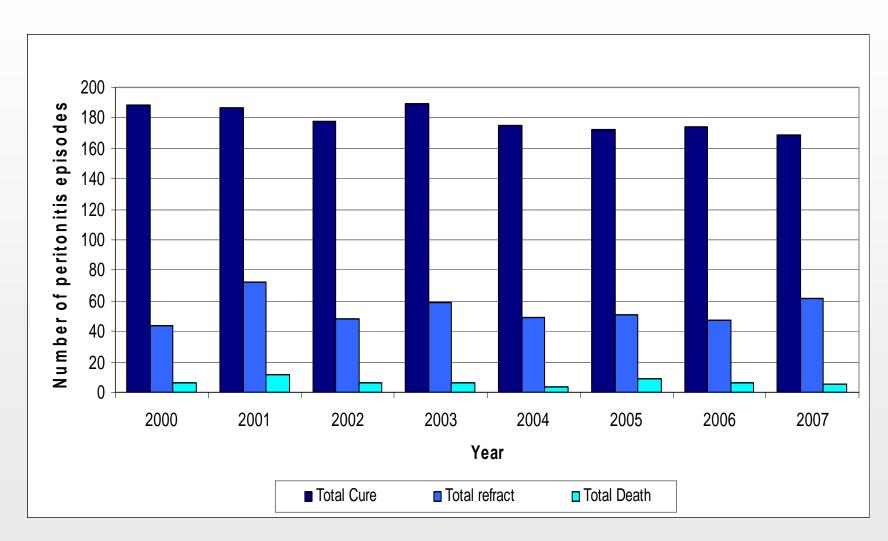


Before and after PD educational session late 2004



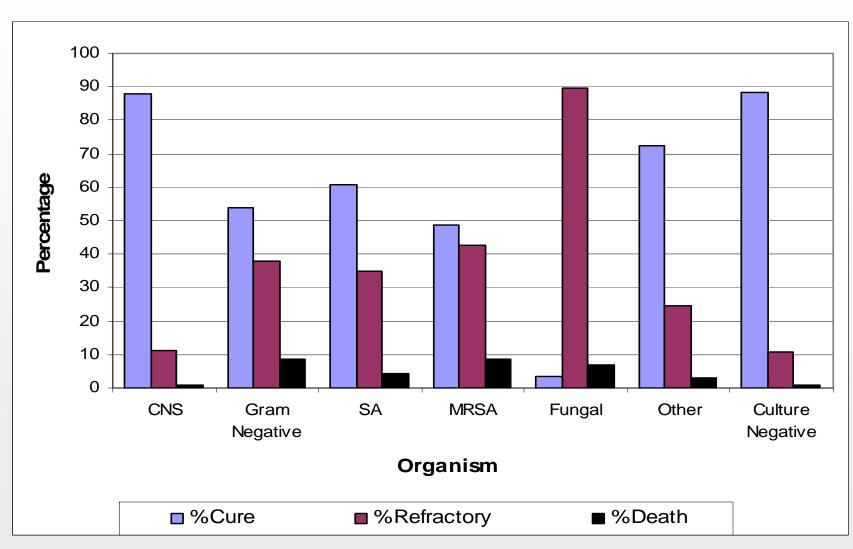
PD Peritonitis: Outcome





Peritonitis outcome by organism (all units 2000-2007)





Reasons for Starting/Stopping PD



