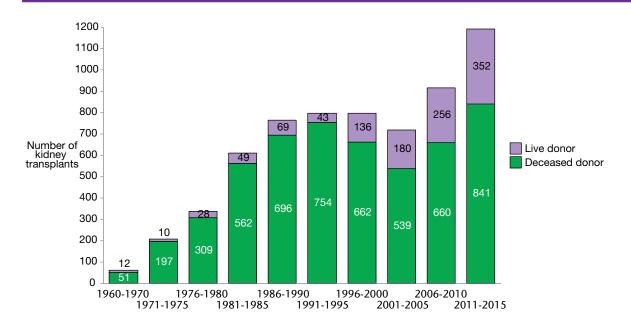
SECTION F KIDNEY TRANSPLANTATION

F1 Frequency of kidney transplantation in Scotland

F1.1 Frequency and donor type, kidney transplants performed in Scotland 1960-2015



Between 1960 and 31 December 2015, 6406 kidney transplants were performed in Scotland in 5419 patients with postcode of residence in Scotland at the time of transplantation.

The kidney donor was deceased for 5271 (82%) transplants, 1135 (18%) of transplanted kidneys were donated by live donors.

5389 first kidney transplants were performed, 835 second transplants, 157 third transplants and 25 fourth or subsequent kidney transplants.

195 individuals resident in Scotland have received a simultaneous kidney and pancreas transplant, 16 individuals have received a simultaneous kidney and liver transplant.

Kidney transplants performed outside of Scotland are excluded. Transplants performed in Scotland for patients not resident in Scotland are also excluded.

	F1.2 Frequency, transplant type and donor type, kidney transplants performed in Scotland 2006-2015											
Year of transplant		ed donor / alone	Live donor kidney		Kidney and pancreas		Kidney and Liver		Total kidney transplants			
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%				
2006	88	68.8	29	22.7	10	7.8	1	0.8	128			
2007	102	56.0	58	31.9	22	12.1	0	-	182			
2008	129	61.1	67	31.8	13	6.2	2	0.9	211			
2009	146	69.2	50	23.7	14	6.6	1	0.5	211			
2010	126	68.5	51	27.7	7	3.8	0	-	184			
2011	127	65.5	54	27.8	12	6.2	1	0.5	194			
2012	146	64.6	63	27.9	15	6.6	2	0.9	226			
2013	165	62.3	84	31.7	16	6.0	0	-	265			
2014	172	65.6	74	28.2	15	5.7	1	0.4	262			
2015	157	63.8	77	31.3	11	4.5	1	0.4	246			

		cy and c d 2006-2				ey transp ntre	olants pe	erformed	d in
Year				GLAS	GOW				Total
	DE	3D	DO	CD	D	D	LI	D	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
2006	0		0		50	80.6	12	19.4	62
2007	1	1.3	0		52	67.5	24	31.2	77
2008	0		3	3.3	51	55.4	38	41.3	92
2009	5	5.5	3	3.3	65	71.4	18	19.8	91
2010	40	47.6	11	13.1	14	16.7	19	22.6	84
2011	53	54.6	14	14.4	2	2.1	28	28.8	97
2012	58	47.9	33	27.3	0		30	24.8	121
2013	55	39.0	41	29.1	0		45	31.9	141
2014	65	46.4	38	27.9	0		36	25.8	140
2015	59	44.4	34	25.6	0		40	30.1	133

DBD - Deceased after brain death; DCD - Deceased after circulatory death; DD - Deceased donor unspecified; LD - Living donor.

F1.3b	Frequency and donor type of adult kidney transplants performed in
	Scotland 2006-2015 by transplanting centre

Year				R	ΙE				Total
	DE	BD*	DC	D*	DD*		LD		
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
2006	42	71.2	1	1.7	0	-	16	24.2	59
2007	56	56.6	12	12.1	0	-	31	31.3	99
2008	64	61.0	19	18.1	0	-	22	21.0	105
2009	71	62.8	13	11.5	0	-	29	25.6	111
2010	49	52.1	17	18.1	0	-	28	29.8	94
2011	52	55.3	17	18.1	0	-	25	26.6	94
2012	45	45.5	25	25.3	0	-	29	29.3	99
2013	48	41.0	33	28.2	0	-	36	30.8	117
2014	50	45.5	29	26.4	0	-	31	28.2	110
2015	45	42.1	27	25.2	0	-	35	32.7	107

^{*} Includes combined kidney + pancreas and kidney + liver transplants.

Since 2005 kidney transplantation for adult patients in Scotland has been undertaken in two units the Glasgow renal and transplant unit (GLAS) and the transplant unit of the Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh (RIE).

Kidney transplants for patients under the care of RHC are not shown in tables F1a and F1b.

DBD - Deceased after brain death; DCD - Deceased after circulatory death;

DD - Deceased donor unspecified; LD - Living donor.

F1.4 Age	of patie	ents at t	he time	of kidney t	ranspla	ntation				
Year of		First kidne	ey transpl	ants	Secon	Second and subsequent transplants				
transplant	n	Mean Age	SD	Age Range	n	Mean Age	SD	Age Range		
1960-1970	59	27.7	10.8	8.0 - 49.2	4	21.1	4.5	15.7-25.0		
1971-1975	188	34.0	12.3	10.1 - 64.8	18	31.5	11.2	11.6-55.2		
1976-1980	284	35.8	11.8	12.0 - 67.0	53	32.1	8.7	13.5-48.2		
1981-1985	509	38.5	14.9	2.3 - 77.6	102	36.2	12.2	3.4-68.9		
1986-1990	629	40.5	15.8	0.3-75.2	136	36.4	13.5	5.1-69.5		
1991-1995	664	42.5	16.1	2.1-76.2	133	36.0	13.0	3.9-68.7		
1996-2000	660	41.5	15.2	4.0-78.4	139	38.7	12.0	5.2-71.3		
2001-2005	598	42.9	15.2	4.2-78.1	121	37.8	11.1	16.4-64.9		
2006-2010	780	44.9	15.5	2.4-78.2	136	43.7	11.1	18.2-69.2		
2011-2015	1018	48.1	14.6	3.6-79.3	175	43.7	11.8	14.4-75.5		

F1.5 Yea	r of firs	st kidne	y trans	splant a	and dia	gnosis	group				
Year of transplant		erulo- nritis	Interstitial		Multis	Multisystem		Diabetes		Unknown	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
1960-1970*	26	44.1	14	23.7	4	6.8	0	-	14	23.7	
1971-1975	84	44.7	64	34.0	16	8.5	0	-	24	12.8	
1976-1980	108	38.0	120	42.3	33	11.6	3	1.1	20	7.0	
1981-1985	139	27.3	225	44.2	57	11.2	32	6.3	56	11.0	
1986-1990	179	28.5	232	36.9	93	14.8	45	7.2	80	12.7	
1991-1995	192	28.9	241	36.3	95	14.3	72	10.8	64	9.6	
1996-2000	178	27.0	256	38.8	80	12.1	69	10.5	77	11.7	
2001-2005	148	24.7	204	34.1	77	12.9	81	13.5	88	14.7	
2006-2010	162	20.8	318	40.8	100	12.8	97	12.1	103	13.2	
2011-2015	257	25.2	380	37.3	115	11.3	155	15.2	111	10.9	

 $^{^{\}star}$ One patient who received a first kidney transplant between 1960-1970 has missing PRD

F2 Transplanted Kidney Survival

F2.1 Graft survival of first kidney transplants by year of transplantation 1960 - 2014*

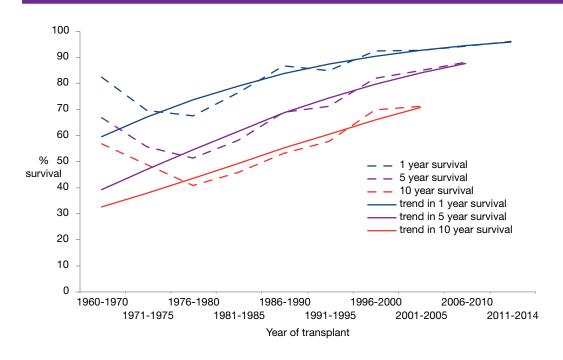
Year of	Grafts surv	iving 1 year	Grafts survi	ving 5 years	Grafts surviv	ving 10 years
transplant	n	%	n	%	n	%
1960-1970	37	82	22	67	17	57
1971-1975	107	69	74	56	58	49
1976-1980	176	67	129	51	97	41
1981-1985	371	76	263	58	186	46
1986-1990	519	87	380	69	261	53
1991-1995	536	85	418	71	303	58
1996-2000	589	92	498	82	389	70
2001-2005	540	93	459	85	351	71
2006-2010	716	94	629	88		
2011	147	93				
2012	183	97				
2013	211	97				
2014	218	96				

^{*} Revised please see page xi.

Survival of first kidney transplants only, for transplants performed in Scotland, are shown in the table.

Grafts with insufficient follow-up and those that did not fail in patients dying within the relevant period have been excluded from the table.

F2.2 Trends in first graft survival by year of transplantation 1960-2014*



^{*} Revised please see page xi.

Trend in 1 year survival: year to year OR 1.06 (95% CI 1.06-1.07)

Trend in 5 year survival: year to year OR 1.06 (95% CI 1.05-1.07)

Trend in 10 year survival: year to year OR 1.05 (95% CI 1.04-1.06)

The trends in 1 year, 5 year and 10 year graft survival are all statistically significant. (Wald-statistic, df=1,p<0.001)

F2.3 Graft survival in the glomerulonephritis and diabetic nephropathy PRD groups in those aged 45-64 at time of first kidney transplant 1991-2014*

Year of	PRD Group	1 year s	survival	5 year s	survival	10 year	survival
transplant		n	%	n	%	n	%
1991-1995	Glomerulonephritis	64	91	46	72	30	55
	Diabetic nephropathy	18	86	10	71	3	38
1996-2000	Glomerulonephritis	56	88	47	77	35	64
	Diabetic nephropathy	21	91	16	76	12	71
2001-2005	Glomerulonephritis	56	95	52	91	38	78
	Diabetic nephropathy	24	96	15	88	11	79
2006-2010	Glomerulonephritis	61	90	53	84		
	Diabetic nephropathy	31	91	27	87		
2011-2014	Glomerulonephritis	91	99				
	Diabetic nephropathy	51	93				

^{*} Revised please see page xi.

Grafts with insufficient follow-up and those that did not fail in patients dying within the relevant period have been excluded from the table.

F2.4 G	raft surviva	al by c	urrent	Health boa	rd of r	esiden	ice 2005-20	014*	
	Grafts sur	rviving 1	year	Grafts sur	viving 2	years	Grafts sur	viving 5	years
	Number of first kidney transplants 2005-2014	n	%	Number of first kidney transplants 2005-2013	n	%	Number of first kidney transplants 2005-2010	n	%
A&A	111	105	94.6	96	89	92.7	56	50	89.3
BORD	40	38	95.0	35	34	97.1	15	13	86.7
D&G	49	47	95.9	36	34	94.4	23	21	91.3
FIFE	115	106	92.2	103	90	87.4	63	51	81.0
FV	86	82	95.3	74	68	91.9	36	32	88.9
GG&C	389	367	94.3	323	298	92.3	174	152	87.4
GRAM	177	170	96.0	153	143	93.5	90	79	87.8
HIGH	111	107	96.4	98	91	92.9	69	62	89.9
LAN	225	215	95.6	187	172	92.0	96	87	90.6
LOTH	246	235	95.5	215	199	92.6	136	119	87.5
ORKN	2	2	100.0	2	2	100.0	2	2	100.0
SHET	4	4	100.0	4	4	100.0	3	3	100.0
TAY	103	97	94.2	88	82	93.2	53	46	86.8
WI	5	5	100.0	5	5	100.0	4	4	100.0
Scotland	1663	1580	95.0	1419	1311	92.4	820	721	87.9

^{*} Revised please see page xi.

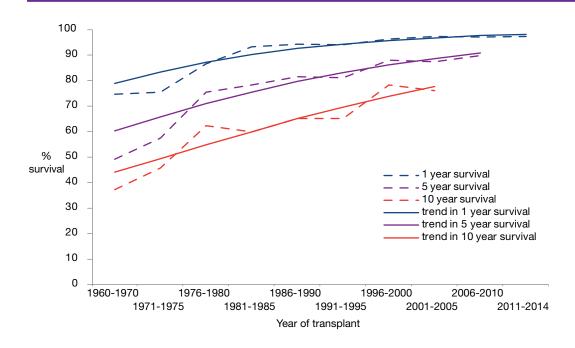
Grafts with insufficient follow-up and those that did not fail in patients dying within the relevant period have been excluded from the table.

F3 Patient survival after Kidney Transplantation

	ient surviva 0-2014	l after first	kidney tran	splant by y	ear of trans	plantation	
Year of transplant		surviving ear		surviving ears	Patients surviving 10 years		
	n	%	n	%	n	%	
1960-1970	44	74.6	29	49.2	22	37.3	
1971-1975	142	75.5	108	57.4	86	45.7	
1976-1980	246	86.6	214	75.4	177	62.3	
1981-1985	475	93.3	398	78.2	305	59.9	
1986-1990	593	94.3	513	81.6	409	65.0	
1991-1995	624	94.0	538	81.0	432	65.1	
1996-2000	635	96.2	581	88.0	517	78.3	
2001-2005	582	97.3	523	87.5	455	76.1	
2006-2010	757	97.1	701	89.9			
2011	158	97.5					
2012	188	96.4					
2013	216	96.4					
2014	227	98.3					

Patient survival is reported from the time of first kidney transplant for transplants performed in Scotland. Patients with insufficient follow-up are excluded.

F3.2 Trends in patient survival by year of first kidney transplantation 1960-2014



Trend in 1 year survival: year to year OR 1.06 (95% CI 1.05-1.07)

Trend in 5 year survival: year to year OR 1.05 (95% CI 1.04-1.06)

Trend in 10 year survival: year to year OR 1.04 (95% CI 1.04-1.05)

The trends in 1 year, 5 year and 10 year graft survival are all statistically significant. (Wald-statistic, df=1,p<0.001)

F4 Transplant Kidney Function

F4.1	Transplanted kidney function at one year in adult recipients after first kidney transplant performed 2005-2014										
Year	Transplants performed	with fun	Surviving patients with functioning graft at 1 year		Serum creatinine (micromole/L)		eGFR (ml/min)				
		n	%	n	Median	IQR	Median	IQR			
2005	109	101	92.7	98	131	106-159	51.2	39.3-62.7			
2006	97	92	94.8	89	132	108-161	49.7	39.1-59.6			
2007	147	132	89.8	131	118	100-143	55.0	43.9-64.9			
2008	167	154	92.2	153	118	102-145	55.2	42.4-66.9			
2009	171	153	89.5	145	123	95-152	54.4	40.2-68.6			
2010	151	140	92.7	118	111	93-137	58.8	45.7-73.9			
2011	158	144	91.1	129	119	102-152	52.6	42.1-67.4			
2012	188	176	93.6	165	119	94-144	55.5	45.2-73.3			
2013	217	205	94.5	169	111	88-135	58.4	46.8-73.0			
2014	219	206	94.1	186	119	95 - 151	54.4	41.4-67.5			

Patients dying within the first year post transplant are excluded.

Patients aged under 18 years at the time of transplantation are excluded.

Kidney transplants performed outside of Scotland are excluded. Transplants performed in Scotland for patients not resident in Scotland are also excluded.

F4.2 Transplanted kidney function one year in adult recipients after first kidney transplant performed 2005-2014 by primary renal diagnosis group											
Recipient primary renal diagnosis	Transplants performed			Patients with creatinine result	(micr	creatinine omole/L)	eGFR (ml/min)				
group		n	%	n	Median	IQR	Median	IQR			
Glomerulo- nephritis	380	351	92.4	313	127	105-164	51.2	39.8-65.4			
Interstitial	601	566	94.2	521	117	95-144	54.0	41.5-67.1			
Multisystem	205	185	90.2	168	118	98-142	56.2	45.4-67.8			
Diabetic nephropathy*	238	220	92.4	215	112	91-139	59.8	46.0-73.0			
Unknown	200	181	90.5	166	118	101-147	55.4	44.3-67.7			

^{*} Includes patients receiving simultaneous kidney and pancreas transplant

F4.3 Transplanted kidney function one year in adult recipients after first kidney transplant performed 2010-2014 by donor type										
Donor type	Transplants performed	patien funct	riving ts with ioning t 1 year	Patients with creatinine result	Serum creatinine (micromole/L)		eGFR (ml/min)			
		n	%	n	Median	IQR	Median	IQR		
Deceased - DBD	422	387	91.7	347	117	91-144	55	42.6-72.7		
Deceased - DCD	238	219	92.0	201	121	100-158	51.5	38.5-66.0		
Live donor	266	255	95.9	214	111	93-132	59	49-73		

7 patients with Deceased Donor (DD) unspecified transplants within the time period are excluded.

F4.4 Transplanted kidney function one year in adult recipients after first kidney transplant performed 2006-2014 by transplanting unit										
Transplant renal unit	Transplants performed	patien functi	iving ts with ioning t 1 year	Patients with creatinine result	Serum creatinine (micromole/L)		eGFR (ml/min)			
		n	%	n	Median	IQR	Median	IQR		
GLAS	752	693	92.2	608	117	96-143	55.6	43.2-70.1		
RIE	762	707	92.8	675	119	98-148	54.2	42.3-67.1		

F5 Transplant Complications

A detailed survey of outcomes of all 245 kidney and kidney pancreas transplants performed in Scotland in 2015 was undertaken in June 2016.

The aim was to determine the national rate of transplant complications.

All patients had a minimum of six months of follow-up following receipt of their transplant in 2015.

F5.1 Clinician reported incidence of treated rejection episodes in recipients of renal transplant 2015 by June 2016								
	6-12 months follow-up			onths w-up	All Patients			
Number of patients	15	53	8	37	24	10		
Median follow-up at census (days)	24	.8	429		30)7		
IQR	IQR (211-300)		(398-471)		(232-405)			
Rejection Type	n	%	n	%	n	%		
Definite *	17	11	9	9	25	10		
Possible**	8	5	6	8	14	6		
Acute anti-body mediated (ABMR)	3	2	3	3	6	2		
Acute cellular (ACMR)	16	10	10	11	26	10		
Mixed	3	2	1	1	4	2		
No biopsy	3	2	1	1	4	2		
Total treated rejection episodes	25	16	15	17	40	16		

^{*} Biopsy confirmed acute rejection.

^{**} Episodes treated as rejection without kidney biopsy or with equivocal biopsy findings.

F5.2 Clinician reported incidence of infection episodes in recipients of renal transplant 2015 by June 2016

renal transplant 2015 by June 2016										
	6-12 months follow-up		>12 months follow-up		All Patients					
Number of patients	153		87		240					
Median follow-up at census (days)	2	48	42	29	307					
IQR	(211	-300)	(398	-471)	(232-	-405)				
Infection	n	%	n	%	n	%				
None	93	60	55	62	148	60				
BKVAN (biopsy proven)	5	3	6	8	11	5				
BK Viraemia	7	4	3	4	10	4				
Pneumocystis jirovecii pneumonia	0	-	3	4	3	1.2				
Other serious infection* (n patients)	39	25	16	18	45	18				
(n patients with >1 infection)	7	-	0	-	7	-				
CMV disease **	6	4	6	8	12	5				
CMV Disease ** by baseline status	-	-	-	-	-	-				
D- /R- ***(n=56)	1	2	1	2	2	4				
D+ /R- (n=55)	4	7	2	4	4	7				
D- /R+ (n=69)	0	-	1	1	1	1				
D+ /R+ (n=61)	1	2	2	3	3	5				
CMV viraemia	12	8	7	9	19	8				
CMV Viraemia by baseline status	-	-	-	-	-	-				
D- /R- (n=56)	1	2	0	-	1	2				
D+ /R- (n=55)	4	7	2	4	6	11				
D- /R+ (n=69)	4	6	3	4	7	10				
D+ /R+ (n=61)	3	5	1	2	4	7				
D- / R unknown (n=1)	-	-	1	-	1	_				

^{*} Other serious infection refers to an infection requiring hospital admission.

^{**} Cytomegalo Virus (CMV) disease defined as an episode of viraemia with associated signs of disease (e.g. fever, leucopenia, GI upset, deranged LFTs) treated with antiviral therapy.

^{***} D-/ R-: Donor CMV IgG negative at time of transplant/ Recipient CMV IgG negative at time of transplant.

Clinician reported incidence of infection episodes in recipients of F5.3 renal transplant 2015 by June 2016

	6-12 months follow-up		>12 months follow-up		All Patients	
Number of patients	15	53	87		240	
Median follow-up at census (days)	24	18	42	29	30	07
IQR	(211-	-300)	(398	-471)	(232-	-405)
Complication	n	%	n	%	n	%
NODAT *	5	3	10	13	16	7
Acute Coronary Syndrome **	3	2	4	4	7	3
DVT/ PTE ***	7	4	2	-	9	4
Malignancy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Skin cancer	1	1	2	3	3	1
Non-skin cancer	1	1	2	3	3	1

^{*}NODAT - New Onset of Diabetes mellitus After Transplant

^{**}Acute Coronary Syndrome (<7 days post-op) treated by percutaneous angioplasty (n=6) or coronary artery bypass grafting (n=1) *** Deep Vein Thrombosis/ Pulmonary Thrombo-embolus.

F6 Listing for kidney transplantation

F6.1 Percentage and prevalence per 100000 population of RRT patients with functioning kidney transplant or on transplant waiting list 31 December 2015 by NHS Board area of residence

	All RRT patients		ts with ansplant		lant or nt listed	NHS Board population	Prevalence per 100000	
	31/12/2015	n	%	n	%		population	
A&A	379	195	51	254	67	370590	68.5	
BORD	104	61	59	74	71	114030	64.9	
D&G	134	71	53	95	71	149670	63.5	
FIFE	346	170	49	203	59	368080	55.2	
FV	265	156	59	196	74	302650	64.8	
GG&C	1160	686	59	856	74	1149890	74.4	
GRAM	518	287	55	345	67	587820	58.7	
HIGH	299	185	62	222	74	321000	69.2	
LAN	622	370	59	474	76	654490	72.4	
LOTH	637	371	58	450	71	867800	51.9	
ORKN	17	6	35	8	47	21670	36.9	
SHET	15	6	40	8	53	23200	34.5	
TAY	395	198	50	246	62	415040	59.3	
WI	26	9	35	14	54	27070	51.7	
Scotland	4917	2771	56	3445	70	5373000	64.1	

The percentage of patients in each NHS Board area treated by all forms of RRT (PD, HD, Transplant) who are either on the transplant waiting list or have a functioning transplant are shown.

Patients who were on the transplant waiting list but had suspended rather than active status are included.

Two patients live outside of Scotland and were receiving treatment within Scottish renal units on 31 December 2015.

F6.2 Frequency of first kidney transplants and time from start of RRT to activation on transplant waiting list, by NHS Board area of residence at transplantation 2011-2015

	n		mptive plants	LD Tx in first year	Patients with	Prevalence per 100000 population	
		Total Number	Number from DD	of RRT*	listing date**	Median	IQR
A&A	64	14	7	11	51	86	-130 - 552
BORD	28	5	2	5	22	136	-89 - 329
D&G	28	6	2	8	23	56	-160 - 239
FIFE	63	10	3	8	55	86	-123 - 339
FV	73	16	7	14	54	128	-26 - 357
GG&C	262	57	23	48	227	65	-167 -305
GRAM	99	12	4	11	89	58	-70 - 278
HIGH	51	10	4	10	42	-5	-98 - 250
LAN	157	23	9	26	140	253	-63- 432
LOTH	123	17	9	19	108	170	-73 - 410
ORKN	1	0	-	0	1	-	-
SHET	1	0	-	0	1	-	-
TAY	65	15	4	16	49	144	-101 - 344
WI	2	0	-	0	2	-	-
Scotland	1017	185	74	176	864	107	-108 - 364

^{*}Includes pre-emptive LD transplants

185 patients received a pre-emptive transplant in 2011-2015, 111 from a live donor (LD), 74 from a deceased donor (DD).

A further 65 patients received a LD transplant within one year of starting RRT.

Renal Association guidelines suggest that patients with progressive deterioration in renal function who are suitable for transplantation should be placed

on the national transplant list within six months (-182 days) of their anticipated dialysis start date. Patients listed from transplantation for longer than six months prior to starting RRT

have their duration of listing truncated to six months for the analysis.

^{**} Patients receiving LD pre-emptive transplants excluded

^{***} Truncated to -182 days

F6.3	Time from start of RRT to activation on transplant waiting list
	patients starting RRT 2010-2014, by NHS Board area of residence
	at start of RRT

	Number starting RRT 2010-2014	Patients active on Tx waiting list I by 31 Dec 2015*		Days from start of RRT to listing*		
		n	%	Median	IQR	
A&A	215	66	30.7	86	-60 - 415	
BORD	47	21	44.7	103	-62 - 416	
D&G	78	29	37.2	32	-182 - 192	
FIFE	231	50	21.6	136	-182 - 337	
FV	161	52	32.3	60	-71 - 358	
GG&C	604	233	38.6	16	-182 - 204	
GRAM	269	92	34.2	53	-89 - 318	
HIGH	121	47	38.8	-35	-182 - 133	
LAN	343	146	42.6	208	-86 - 399	
LOTH	307	94	30.6	92	-97 - 322	
ORKN	9	2	22.2	114	-	
SHET	8	2	25.0	253	-	
TAY	223	57	25.6	84	-101 - 340	
WI	16	5	31.3	119	33 - 296	
Scotland	2632	896	34.0	63	-125 - 323	

^{*} Patients active on transplant waiting list at any time up until 31 December 2015.

Renal Association guidelines suggest that patients with progressive deterioration in renal function who are suitable for transplantation should be placed on the national transplant list within six months (-182 days) of their anticipated dialysis start date. Patients listed from transplantation for longer than six months prior to starting RRT have their duration of listing truncated to six months for the analysis.

^{**}Truncated to -182 days